

## CHAPTER 3.

### ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES.

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## Article I. In General.

### Sec. 3-1. Definitions.

For the purposes of this chapter, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them by this section:

Alcoholic beverage permit. The authority under which the sale of alcoholic beverages is authorized to hospitals, religious organizations, physicians and dentists.

Alcoholic liquor. "Alcoholic liquor" means any spirituous or fermented fluid, substance or compound other than malt beverage intended for beverage purposes which contains at least one-half of one percent (.5%) of alcohol by volume. As used in this paragraph, "beverage" does not include liquid filled candies containing less than six and one-quarter percent (6.25%) of alcohol by volume;

Building. A roofed and walled structure built or set in place for permanent use.

Club. "Club" means any of the following organizations:

(a) A post, charter, camp or other local unit composed only of veterans and its duly organized auxiliary, chartered by the Congress of the United States for patriotic, fraternal or benevolent purposes and, as the owner, lessee or occupant, operates an establishment for these purposes within the state;

(b) A chapter, lodge or other local unit of an American national fraternal organization and, as the owner, lessee or occupant, operates an establishment for fraternal purposes within the state. As used in this subparagraph, an American fraternal organization means an organization actively operating in not less than thirty-six (36) states or having been in active continuous existence for not less than twenty (20) years, but does not mean a college fraternity;

(c) A hall or building association of a local unit specified in subparagraphs (a) and (b) of this paragraph, of which all of the capital stock is owned by the local unit or its members, operating clubroom facilities for the local unit;

(d) A golf club having more than fifty (50) bona fide members and owning, maintaining or operating a bona fide golf course together with a clubhouse;

(e) A social club with more than one hundred (100) bona fide members who are residents of the county in which it is located, owning, maintaining or operating club quarters, incorporated and operating solely as a nonprofit corporation under the laws of this state and qualified as a tax exempt organization under the Internal Revenue Service Code and having been continuously operating for a period of not less than one (1) year. The club shall have had during this one (1) year period a bona fide membership paying

dues of at least twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) per year as recorded by the secretary of the club, quarterly meetings and an actively engaged membership carrying out the objects of the club. A social club shall, upon applying for a license, file with the licensing authority and the commission, a true copy of its bylaws and shall further, upon applying for a renewal of its license, file with the licensing authority and the commission a detailed statement of its activities during the preceding year which were undertaken or furthered in pursuit of the objects of the club together with an itemized statement of amounts expended for such activities. Club members, at the time of application for a limited retail liquor license pursuant to W.S. 12-4-301, shall be in good standing by having paid at least one (1) full year in dues;

(f) Club does not mean college fraternities or labor unions.

Drugstore. Space in a building maintained, advertised and held out to the public as a place where drugs and medicines are sold and prescriptions compounded and where a registered pharmacist is regularly employed.

Intoxicating liquor; alcoholic liquor; alcoholic beverages; spirituous liquor. These terms shall be construed as synonymous in meaning and definition.

Licensee. A person holding a:

- (a) Retail liquor license;
- (b) Limited liquor license;
- (c) Malt beverage permit; or Catering Permit;
- (d) Restaurant liquor license.

Limited retail liquor license. The authority under which clubs, as defined in this section, shall be permitted to sell alcoholic or malt beverages.

Malt beverage. Any fluid, substance or compound intended for beverage purposes, manufactured from malt, wholly or in part, or from any substitute therefore and containing more than one half of one percent (0.5%) of alcohol by volume.

Original package. Any receptacle or container used or labeled by the manufacturer or the substance, containing any alcoholic liquors or malt beverages.

Restaurant. Space in a building maintained, advertised and held out to the public as a place where individually priced meals are prepared and served primarily for on-premises consumption and where the primary source of revenue from the operation is from the sale of food and not from the sale of alcoholic or malt beverages. This means that the building shall have a dining room or rooms, a kitchen and the number and kinds of employees necessary for preparing, cooking and serving of meals in order to satisfy the licensing authority that the space is intended for use as a full service restaurant. "Full service restaurant" means a restaurant at which waiters or waitresses deliver food and drink offered from a printed food menu to patrons at tables or booths. The service of only fry orders or such food and victuals as sandwiches, hamburgers or salads shall not be

deemed a restaurant for the purposes of this section.

Retailer. A person who sells or offers for sale any alcoholic or malt beverages for use or consumption and not for resale.

Retail liquor license. The authority under which a retailer shall be permitted to sell alcoholic or malt beverages for use or consumption, but not for resale.

Room. An enclosed and partitioned space within a building large enough for a person to enter but not a cabinet. Partitions may contain windows and doorways, but any partition shall extend from the floor to the ceiling.

Sell or sale. Offering for sale, trafficking in, bartering, delivering or dispensing and pouring for value, exchanging for goods, services or patronage or exchanging in any way other than purely gratuitously. Every delivery of any alcoholic liquor or malt beverage made otherwise than by gift constitutes a sale.

*For state law as to definitions, see W. S., 1977, § 12-1-101.*

### **Sec. 3-2. Penalties.**

(a) Any person violating any provision of this chapter shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) and not more than seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750.00), to which court costs shall be added. (Ord. No. 37, § 37-16, Ord. No. 1983-1, § 4.)

(b) Any holder of a liquor license or his employee, while acting in the course of his employment, who is found guilty of violating any provision of this chapter shall have his liquor license suspended for not less than ten (10) days not more than thirty (30) days and, upon a second conviction, may have his liquor license suspended in accordance with state law. (Ord. No. 74-, § 8; Ord. No. 1983-1, § 4.)

*As to general penalty for violations of Code, see § 1-6 of this Code.*

*As to actions for penalties or fines see § 1-7.*

## **Article II. Operation of Businesses.**

### **Sec. 3-3. Compliance with chapter and state law.**

For the protection of the welfare, health, peace, morals and safety of the people of the town, it shall be a public policy in the town that the traffic in spirituous, fermented and malt liquors shall be regulated to the extent of prohibiting all traffic therein except as provided in this chapter, and no sale at retail of such liquors may be consummated in the town except in compliance with the provisions of this chapter and the provisions of Wyoming Statutes, 1977, sections 12-1-101 to 12-7-201. (Ord. No. 37, § 1.)

**Sec. 3-4. Operating hours.**

(a) All licensees under this chapter shall be controlled by the following schedule for operating hours:

(1) A licensee may open the dispensing room at 6:00 A.M. and shall close the dispensing room and cease the sale of both alcoholic and malt beverages promptly at the hour of 2:00 A.M. the following day and shall clear the dispensing room of all persons other than employees by 2:30 A.M.; and (Ord. No. 98-3, § (a)(1))

(b) No persons under the age of twenty of (21) years shall enter or remain in the licensed room or rooms where alcoholic beverages are sold except in a dining area or eating area while accompanied by an adult and in that event not later than 10:00 P.M. (Ord. No. 98-3, § (b))

(c) The four days that may be modified each year shall be designated by the Town Council no later than the regular May council meeting date. (Ord. No. 37, § 37-3; Ord. No. 84-1, § 1; Ord. No. 86-5, §§ 1, 2; Ord. No. 87-3, § 1; Ord. No. 89-1, § 1, Ord. No. 98-3, § (c))

*For state law as to hours of sale, see W. S., 1977, § 12-5-101.*

**Sec. 3-5. Regulations and restrictions as to place of sale.**

The principal place in which alcoholic and malt beverages are sold under a license shall be located in one (1) room upon the premises for which the license is issued and as approved by the Town Council. Upon payment of an additional license fee equal to two-thirds (2/3) of the fee paid for the original license, a licensee may have and maintain one (1) additional dispensing room in the same building under the authority of the original license. Alcoholic beverages secured in the licensed room by a server may be served only in the building in which the licensed room is located. Only alcoholic and malt beverages, nonalcoholic beverages, food, tobacco and national alcoholic liquor and malt beverage promotional sales items sold to the licensee, bearing the name and trademark of the national alcoholic liquor and malt beverage firm or company whose product the item is advertising, may be sold and served in the licensed room. A licensee may separate the facility for the sale of alcoholic liquor and malt beverages for off-premises consumption from the facility used to serve customers for on-premises consumption without payment of an additional fee. A separated facility for making sales for off-premises consumption shall be located adjoining the facility for making sales for on-premises consumption. The two facilities may be separated by a glass or other suitable partition.

*For similar state law, see W. S., 1977, § 12-5-201.*

**Sec. 3-6. Drive-in areas.**

(a) Upon approval of the Town Council, a drive-in area adjacent or contiguous to the licensed room may be used by the holder of a retail liquor license for taking orders for, making delivery of and receiving payment for alcoholic liquor or malt beverages

under the following conditions:

- (1) The holder of the retail liquor license shall own the area or hold a written lease for the period for which the license was issued;
- (2) No part of the area used for orders, delivery and making payment shall be more than forty feet (40) distant from the licensed room;
- (3) The area shall be well lighted and subject to inspection by the Town Council at all times;
- (4) No walls or screens shall interfere with observing and checking the part of the area used for orders, delivery and payment;
- (5) No order shall be received from nor delivery made to a person under twenty-one (21) years of age or an intoxicated person in the area;
- (6) No part of a publicly owned sidewalk, highway, street or alley shall be used for taking orders or conducting sales; and
- (7) Alcoholic liquor or malt beverages shall be sold and delivered in the drive-in area only in the original, unopened package, and consumption of alcoholic liquor or malt beverages in the drive-in area shall not be permitted.

(b) The Town Council shall determine whether traffic conditions or physical circumstances hindering law enforcement should require a decision forbidding or restricting sales and delivery in any drive-in area. If, by resolution of the Town Council, the right of a licensee to use certain drive-in areas is forbidden or restricted, that resolution shall be complied with by the licensee.

*For state law as to drive-in areas for sale, etc., of alcoholic beverages,  
see W. S., 1977, §§ 12-5-301, 12-5-302.*

### **Sec. 3-7. Inspections.**

The Town Council shall, as often as may be deemed necessary, cause inspections to be made of rooms licensed under this chapter and adjoining rooms where alcoholic beverages are served, to determine whether or not requirements as to sanitation and fire hazards are being complied with.

*For state law as to inspections, see W. S., 1977, § 12-5-201.*

## **Article III. Sales and Possession Generally.**

### **Sec. 3-8. Sales by drugstores.**

All sales of alcoholic or malt beverages by drugstores holding a retail liquor

license under the provisions of the chapter shall be sold only in the original container received by the druggist. No container or original package shall be opened upon the premises where sold or in any room or building in connection with the drugstore. Any sale shall be made only by a licensed pharmacist or by an adult clerk. The drugstore shall be limited in its sales to the amount that may be sold by holders of other retail licenses. (Ord. No. 37, § 37-7.)

**Sec. 3-9. Possession, etc., by minors; public intoxication.**

(a) No person under the age of twenty-one (21) years shall have any alcoholic liquor or malt beverages in his possession or shall be drunk or under the influence of alcoholic liquor or malt beverages on any street or highway or in any public place. This section shall not apply to possession by a person under the age of twenty-one (21) years making a delivery of such alcoholic liquor or malt beverages pursuant to his employment, or to any such person who is in the physical presence of his parent or legal guardian.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person to be upon any of the streets or alleys of the town or in any store, hotel, rooming house or other place open to the public within the town limits in an intoxicated condition. An "intoxicated condition" is hereby defined as the mental and/or physical condition induced by the drinking of alcoholic liquors or introduction into the body of any substance which causes mental or physical disorientation, so as to make the person so affected a danger to himself or others. (Ord. No. 74, § 2, Ord. No. 88-1, § 1.)

*For state law as to possession, etc., of alcoholic or malt beverages by minors generally, see W. S., 1977, § 12-6-101.*

**Sec. 3-10. Minors generally--Sale, etc., to.**

No person shall sell, furnish, give or cause to be sold, furnished or given away any alcoholic liquor or malt beverage to any person under the age of twenty-one (21) who is not his legal ward, medical patient or member of his own immediate family. (Ord. No. 74, §3; Ord. No. 88-1, § 1.)

*For state law as to regulations concerning alcoholic or malt beverages and minors generally, see W. S., 1977, § 12-5-203. As to liability for sale of alcoholic or malt beverages to child, ward or habitual drunkard when notice given to licensee, see W. S., 1977, § 12-5-502.*

**Sec. 3-11. Same--Identification of persons over twenty-one years of age on licensed premises.**

No person shall be in a bar, saloon, liquor store or cocktail lounge unless such person shall have in his possession reasonable means of proof or identification showing that such person is not under twenty-one (21) years of age and unless he shall display such proof or identification upon request of any police officer or the licensee or employee of such establishment. No person who lacks such proof or identification or who refuses to display the same shall be deemed guilty of a violation of this section if such person

shall leave the establishment promptly upon request of a police officer or owner or employee of such establishment. (Ord. No. 88-1, § 1.)

*For state law as to permitting minors in dispensing rooms, see W. S., 1977, § 12-5-203.*

Any person attempting to purchase alcoholic or malt beverages about whom there is any reasonable doubt of their having reached twenty-one (21) years of age, shall be required to produce proof of age as follows:

**Sec. 3-12. Same—Licensees to request proof of age in cases of reasonable doubt.**

A motor vehicle driver's license issued by any state, territory or possession of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or by an official governmental agency of Canada or Mexico, a permanent resident card issued by the United States citizenship and immigration services, an identification card issued to a member of the armed forces, an internationally accepted passport document with a discernible date of birth and photograph or an identification card issued by the department of transportation is prima facie evidence of the age and identity of a person. Proof that a licensee or his employee or agent demanded, was shown and acted in reasonable reliance upon the information contained in any one (1) of the above documents as identification is a defense to any criminal prosecution or action for the suspension or revocation of a license. (Ord. No. 2009-06)

**Sec. 3-13. Same--Using false identification.**

No person under the age of twenty-one shall falsify any identification or use any false identification in order to obtain alcoholic or malt beverages. (Ord. No. 37, § 37-12; Ord. No. 88-1, § 1.)

**Article IV. Licenses and Permits.**

*For state law as to local retail alcoholic and malt beverage licenses generally, see W. S., 1977, § 12-4-101 et seq. As to licenses generally, see ch. 7 of this Code.*

**Sec. 3-15. Licensing to comply with state law.**

The issuance of licenses for the sale of alcoholic and malt beverages in the town shall be in compliance with the provisions of Wyoming Statutes 1977, sections 12-4-101 to 12-4-702, and subsequent state laws or amendments thereto as the same shall apply to the town.

**Sec. 3-16. Application.**

(a) Any person desiring a license or permit authorized by this chapter shall apply to the Town Council. The application shall be made under oath upon a form to be furnished by the town clerk-treasurer. The application shall be filed in the office of the clerk-treasurer and shall contain the following provisions:

(1) The location and a description of the room in which the applicant will sell under the license, if the building is in existence at the time of application. If the building is not in existence, the location and an architect's drawing or suitable plans of the room and premises to be licensed;

(2) The age and residence of the applicant, and of each applicant or partner if the application is made by more than one individual or by a partnership;

(3) A disclosure of any criminal record of the applicant or any partner equal to a felony conviction under state law and of any conviction for a violation of state law relating to the sale or manufacture of alcoholic liquor or malt beverages within ten years prior to the filing of the application;

(4) If the applicant is a corporation:

a. The name, age and residence of each officer, director and stockholder holding, either jointly or severally, ten percent or more of the outstanding and issued capital stock of the corporation; and

b. Whether any officer, director or stockholder with ten percent or more ownership has been convicted of a violation of law as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection;

(5) If the applicant is a limited liability company:

a. The name, age and residence of each officer, manager and member holding, either jointly or severally, ten percent (10%) or more of the outstanding ownership of the limited liability company; and

b. If any officer, manager or member with ten percent (10%) or more ownership has been convicted of a violation of law as provided under paragraph (a)(iii) of this subsection.

(6) A statement indicating the financial condition and financial stability of a new applicant; and

(7) The site and the zoning of the site where the applicant will sell under the license.

(b) No person or partner shall have any interest, directly or indirectly, in a license or permit unless he signs and verifies the application for the license or permit. No corporation shall be granted a license or permit unless two or more of the officers or directors sign and verify the application on behalf of the corporation and verify upon their oaths as individuals that the statement and provisions are true.

*For similar state law see W. S., 1977, § 12-4-102.*

**Sec. 3-17. Publication of notice of application for issuance, renewal or transfer hearing; renewal preference.**

(a) When an application for a license, permit, renewal, or any transfer of location or ownership thereof, has been filed with the office of the town clerk-treasurer, the clerk-treasurer shall promptly prepare a notice of application, place the notice conspicuously upon the premises shown by the application as the proposed place of sale and publish the notice in a newspaper of local circulation once a week for four consecutive weeks. The notice shall state that a named applicant has applied for a license, permit or renewal, or transfer thereof, and that protests against the issuance, renewal or transfer of the license or permit will be heard at a designated meeting of the Town Council. Notices may be substantially in the following form:

“NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR A...

“NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ON THE \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20 \_\_\_\_, (name of applicant) filed an application for a \_\_\_\_\_ license (permit), in the office of the clerk-treasurer of the Town of Meeteetse for the following described place (and room) (insert description) and protests, if any there be against the issuance (transfer or renewal) of the license (permit) will be heard at the hour of \_\_\_\_ P.M., on the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20 \_\_\_\_\_, at the (meeting place of the Town Council).

Dated \_\_\_\_\_ Signed \_\_\_\_\_”

(b) No license or permit authorized under this chapter shall be issued, renewed or transferred until on or after the date set in the notice for hearing protests. If a renewal or transfer hearing, the hearing shall be held no later than thirty days preceding the expiration date of the license or permit. A license or permit shall not be issued, renewed or transferred if the Town Council finds, from evidence presented at the hearing:

(1) That the welfare of the people residing in the vicinity of the proposed license or permit premises shall be adversely and seriously affected;

(2) That the purposes of this chapter shall not be carried out by the issuance, renewal or transfer of the license or permit:

(3) That the number, type and location of existing licenses or permits meet the needs of the vicinity under consideration;

(4) That the desires of the residents of the town will not be met or satisfied by the issuance, renewal or transfer of the license or permit;

(5) That any other reasonable restrictions or standards which may be imposed by the Town Council shall not be carried out by the issuance, renewal or transfer of the license or permit.

(c) The owner and holder of an expired liquor license or permit or one due for expiration has a preference right to a new license for the same location. After the required notice and a public hearing, each application claiming renewal preference shall be promptly considered and acted upon by the Town Council.

*For similar state law, see W. S., 1977, § 12-4-104.*

**Sec. 3-18. Liquor License Fees and Refunds.**

a) The liquor license fees for all local retail bars, limited retail liquor license, restaurant liquor license, and limited club liquor license shall be as follows:

1) Retail – Bar.....	\$ 937.50
2) Limited Club.....	\$ 125.00
3) Restaurant.....	\$ 625.00
4) Transfer Fee.....	\$ 125.00

b) The license fees for having a limited malt beverage permit and/or a limited catering permit shall be as follows:

1) Malt Beverage Permit.....	\$ 31.25/day
2) Catering Permit.....	\$ 31.25/day

c) For purpose of this section, designation of a nonprofit club shall include any entity formed and in good standing under the provisions of Wyoming Statute known as the “Wyoming Non-Profit Corporation Act” (W.S. § 17-19-101 to 17-19-1807, as amended) (1992) or any entity recognized under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code as being a non-profit entity.

d) No refund of all or any part of any license fee shall be made at any time following the issuance thereof.

d) The Town Council will review the fees for liquor licenses annually and any changes will be adopted at their first meeting in January of each year.

**Sec. 3-19. License deemed personal privilege; terms; use by executors or administrators; transfer; attachment, garnishment, etc.**

(a) A license issued under this article shall be a personal privilege, good for one year unless sooner revoked.

(b) However, the annual date for consideration by the Town Council of license and permit issuance, renewals and transfers, shall be the first regular Town Council meeting in April. Accordingly, the term of any licenses or permits issued prior to that time shall be less than one year to coincide with the annual date, and the annual fee shall be prorated accordingly. Any licensee not attempting to renew a newly issued prorated license or permit shall not be eligible for any license or permit authorized under this chapter for a period of two years after the expiration date of the prorated license or

permit. The executor or administrator of the estate of any deceased licensee, when such estate consists in whole or in part of the business of selling alcoholic or malt beverages under a license, may exercise the privilege of the deceased licensee under such license until the expiration of the same. (Ord. No. 37, § 6)

(c) After public hearing and with the approval of the Town Council, a license or permit may be transferred to or renewed on different premises on the same basis as the original application; except, that no additional license fee is required during the term of the license or permit. A transferred license or permit shall expire on the same date as the original license or permit. The owner of a license or the executor or administrator of the estate of any deceased licensee, by an actual bona fide sale made in good faith may, if proceedings are not pending to suspend, revoke or otherwise penalize under this chapter the license holder, assign and transfer such license. The assignee or transferee thereof, subject to the condition and approval stated in this section, may exercise the privilege of continuing the business authorized by such license without the payment of any additional license fee until the expiration of the same; provided, that such assignee or transferee shall first make and file a sworn application showing the qualifications of such person or assignee or transferee to take and hold a retail liquor license as required by section 3-16, and subject to the approval of the Town Council first had and obtained; provided, that the Town Council shall notify in writing the state liquor commission at least ten days prior to the approval of such transfer or sale. (Ord. No. 37, § 6)

Except as provided in this section, no license shall be transferred or sold, nor shall it be used for any place not described in the license at the time of issuance, nor shall it be subject to attachment, garnishment or execution. (Ord. No. 37, § 6)

*For state law as to term of license or permit, see W. S., 1977, § 12-4-106. As to sale assignment and transfer of license and permits generally, see W. S., 1977, §§ 12-4-601 to 12-4-604.*

### **Sec. 3-20. Sales by clubs.**

A club holding a limited retail license shall not sell alcoholic or malt beverages for consumption anywhere except within the licensed premises and for consumption by its members and their accompanied guest only. It shall be the duty and obligation of the club to check and regulate sales to members and their accompanied guests to insure that all alcoholic or malt beverages sold are consumed within the building, space or premises. (W. S., 1977, § 12-4-301)

*For similar state law, see W. S., 1977, § 12-3-301(c).  
As to special club licenses generally, see W. S., 1977, §§ 12-3-301 to 12-3-303.*

### **Sec. 3-21. Restaurant liquor licenses.**

(a) Restaurants may be licensed by the Town Council under a restaurant liquor license. In addition to the other application requirements of this chapter, the license applicant shall submit a valid food service permit upon application.

(b) An applicant for a restaurant liquor license shall satisfy the Town Council that the primary source of revenue from the operation of the restaurant to be licensed will be derived from food services and not from the sale of alcoholic or malt beverages. (W. S., 12-4-408(a))

(c) When renewing a restaurant liquor license, the Town Council shall condition renewal upon a requirement that not less than sixty percent (60%) of gross sales from the preceding twelve (12) months' operation of a licensed restaurant be derived from food services. (W. S., 12-4-408(b))

(d) Upon application for license renewal, a license holder shall submit an annual report to the Town Council on the sales of the licensed restaurant. The report shall contain the annual gross sales figures of the restaurant and shall separate the gross sales figures into the following two categories:

- (1) Food service sales; and
- (2) Alcoholic and malt beverage sales.

(W. S., 12-4-408(c))

(e) No restaurant liquor license shall be transferred to another location. License ownership may be transferred to a purchaser or lessee of the licensed premises with the approval of the Town Council. (W. S., 12-4-409)

(f) Restaurant liquor licensees shall not sell alcoholic or malt beverages for consumption off the premises owned or leased by the licensee. (W. S., 12-4-410(a))

(g) Alcoholic and malt beverages shall be dispensed and prepared for consumption in one room upon the licensed premises separated from the dining area in which alcoholic and malt beverages may be served. No consumption of alcoholic or malt beverages shall be permitted within the dispensing room, nor shall any person other than employees over twenty-one years of age be permitted to enter the dispensing room. If a restaurant has a dispensing room separate from the dining area which is licensed prior to February 1, 1979, for purposes of alcoholic or malt beverages sales and consumption, the restaurant may dispense alcoholic or malt beverages in the separate dispensing room under a restaurant liquor license, and any person over twenty-one years of age is permitted to enter the separate dispensing room. (W. S., 12-4-410(b))

(h) All sales of alcoholic and malt beverages authorized by a restaurant liquor license shall cease at the time food sales and services cease, or at the hours specified by section 3-4 if food sales and services extend beyond the hours specified therein. (W. S., 12-4-410(b))

*For state law as to restaurant liquor licenses, see W. S., 1977, §§ 12-4-407 to 12-4-411.*

### **Sec. 3-22. Revocation of licenses.**

The violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or the violation of any of the

provisions of Wyoming Statutes, by any licensee shall be sufficient cause for the Town Council to institute revocation proceedings as provided by state law.

**Sec. 3-23. Malt beverage permits**

A malt beverage permit may be issued to any responsible person or organization for the sale of malt beverages only at a picnic, bazaar, fair, rodeo or similar public gathering. No person or organization holding such permit shall sell any alcoholic liquor except malt beverages on the premises described on the permit, nor shall any malt beverages be sold or consumed off the premises authorized by the permit. The permit shall be issued only for the days named therein, and it shall not authorized the sale of malt liquors on the premises described for more than twelve (12) days by any one person in any one year. The permit shall be issued without public notice or hearing on application to the Town Council. Any applicant applying for a permit authorized by this section and having licensed premises located in another jurisdiction shall secure the written approval of the licensing authority of the jurisdiction in which the licensed premises are located prior to filing an application for a permit. (Ord. No.2008-07.)

*For similar state law, see W. S., 1977, § 12-4-502.*

**Sec. 3-24. Number of licenses issued; Town Council to issue authorized licenses and permits.**

The Town Council may issue less than the total number of liquor licenses allowed by state statutes and may issue any license or permit authorized by this chapter. (W. S., 12-4-101)